

SEMI-WEEKLY SOUTH KENTUCKIAN. FRIDAY, JANUARY 13, 1888.

W. A. WILCOX, Editor and Proprietor.
T. E. BARTLEY, Associate Editor.

Mrs. Cheatham, postmistress of Nashville, is dangerously ill.

Dr. Franzel, of Berlin, gives encouragement to the "stuffer" devotee when he says that common cigars are not so injurious as fine ones.

Hon. Jas. A. McKenzie says he will not be disappointed should he fail to get the Mexican Mission. He thinks the appointment will go to the Northwest.

Skinner, the prisoner, who threw the bucket of whitewash on Jailer Long last week did not say unto him, "Stay, Jailer, stay, I am not mad," as he probably deemed it a little inappropriate.

The prohibitionists at Alliance, O., had to get a detective to help them break up the quiet saloons. The same draw back to the enforcement of the law prevails everywhere prohibition is tried.

Mr. Powderly, who is the main stay of the Knights of Labor, is still very low, with but little hope of his recovery. Should his death occur, the result will probably be fatal to the party he so successfully organized.

Notwithstanding the adverse report of the Senate Committee to whom Mr. Lamar's appointment was referred, he is confident of his confirmation and shows no signs of uneasiness.

The Louisville Commercial says a few days ago the catfish were sitting on the rocks fanning the dust out of their eyes, and now the residents along the banks of the Ohio are thinking of climbing out on the roof until the flood rolls by.

The Urbana, Ohio, Car Works are to be removed to Decatur, Ala. The capital stock of the company is \$4,000,000. About \$150,000 will be disbursed for labor every month, which will be a nice little sum to be distributed among the various enterprises of that thriving city.

An exchange says that a folded newspaper placed under the coat in the small of the back is an excellent substitute for an "opium" newspaper, and makes such a substitute as this.

Mr. Phelan has introduced a proposition to amend the Constitution so as to empower Congress to distribute \$10,000,000 annually among the States, for the benefit of public schools. There being a strong opposition to Federal aid in this direction this amendment is supposed to be a compromise.

Senator Brown, of Georgia, made a speech, Monday, before the Senate favoring the abolition of the internal revenue taxes. He takes the ground that both whisky and tobacco are necessities, having become so by constant use, and that making them entirely free would be a greater relief to the poor man than any other act of legislation.

The Moody meetings in Louisville have commenced, but if the absurd notion of having the Sunday meeting for colored people at 11 A. M., is not abandoned the great revival is likely to result in as much harm as good. The two thousand housekeepers who had to cook their own dinners Sunday doubtless lost more religion than their servants gained.—Owensboro Messenger.

Gov. Buckner refuses to remit the fines of a noted Louisville gambler, but adheres strictly to the law. The fines for gambling in Louisville amount to about \$12,000, and should the Governor remit one he might as well release all. But Gov. Buckner says a violator of the law must suffer the penalty, and there is no one waiting time with him, for he believes in the prompt enforcement of the laws, which he referred to in his message, as not having been properly enforced.

We move that the editor of the Louisville Times be fined one cent and the costs for trying to procure a drink of "red hicker" at a colored "meeting-house," in this county, last summer. He knew full well that preacher had no right to sell hicker, even if he had any, and a fine for even trying to procure it ought to be assessed against him.—B. G. Times.

John you know too much, you must have been along.

It is becoming a common occurrence for Kentuckians to settle their disputes and difficulties by the Queensbury rules. Last Sunday two prominent young men of Lexington, Tom Allen, a son of Hon. Thomas Allen, a prominent lawyer, and Robert Carr, son of the late Judge Carr, fought twenty-five rounds on a farm two miles from Lexington, to settle a dispute which arose over a game of billiards played a week before. The fight lasted two and a half hours and both parties were badly punished. The referees declared the fight in favor of Allen, Carr falling to come to the scratch when time was called for the 26th round. Both young men are under 19 years of age and the affair has created quite a sensation, owing to the high standing of the principals and all others concerned in arranging the fight.

The Railroad Commission.

(Courier Journal.)

The Governor suggests certain changes in the Railroad Commission which affect only its executive efficiency. Concerning the changes the COURIER-JOURNAL has nothing to say. But as to the wisdom of further enlarging the power of the commission we are very clearly of the opinion that there is nothing in our experience which calls for this action. The Governor says:

"It is suggested that the powers of the Commissioners are inadequate, properly, to protect the interests of the public. It is submitted to your consideration that the assessment of the property of the railroads should be but an incident in the line of their duties, and they should have authority to require that proper depot accommodations be furnished by the railroad companies; that the service of trains be regulated so as to give reasonable accommodations to the people; that the tracks and bridges be kept in a condition of safety; that the rates for freight and passengers shall not become extortionate in the absence of water competition, and that legislation should place them in harmony with the United States Board of Railroad Commissioners. While you will entertain no purpose of enacting laws which may be harassing or injurious to the proper interests of our railways, which contribute so greatly to commercial prosperity, you will, I feel assured, take care that these vast corporations, which are the creatures of legislation, shall not be permitted to become the oppressors of the people."

These changes would give practical control of the operation of 2,300 miles of railroad into the hands of one man, usually without practical knowledge of such affairs; to regulate the service of trains; to see to the safety of bridges and tracks; to fix the charges for freight and passengers, is not what can be done with satisfaction even to the public, either by a Legislative Committee or by a Railroad Commissioner. Commissioners are generally chosen because they are free from railroad influence, and generally free from special knowledge of the details of railroad management. There is no railroad official, there is no railroad company which regulates all these things. The power of rivalry and competition comes in to compel them to study to meet public requirements.

Concerning train service and safety of bridges and tracks, this can best be regulated under the operations of general laws which inflict punishment. It might be wise if we were to have the State "involve" accidents; they are exceedingly costly, and as the standard of railroad management improves, as railroad materials cheapen, accidents will be fewer. Railroad managers are sometimes slow, and sometimes poor, and sometimes incompetent, but, simply under the doctrine of chances, if railroads are held to a strict accountability for accidents, they will be more able to take care and keep competent servants than the State would be to get a Commissioner who could perform the service which these changes would demand.

Concerning the regulation of rates all that can be done is to stimulate, instead of restrict, competition. The extension of old lines, and the building of new ones will result more promptly in a reduction of local rates than any legislative action, and as evidence of it we point to the fact that no railroad is to-day charging the maximum rates allowed by its charter.

The purpose of these recommendations is admirable "to take care that these vast corporations do not become the oppressors of the people," but we believe they are more effectively restrained by competition, by a rigid infliction of legal penalties, and by an intelligent public opinion formulated by a commission of advisory powers only.

Warner's Log Cabin Sarsaparilla. Regulates the liver. Best blood purifier. Largest bottle in the market. Manufactured by proprietors of Warner's Safe Cure. Sold by all druggists.

Interesting Statistics.

Below will be found some interesting facts collected from the Assessor's book, showing the number of pounds of tobacco raised in the county in '86 and '87, the assessed valuation of property for '87, and the number of polls, to wit:

No. of pounds of tobacco raised in '86, 2,454,700.
No. of pounds of tobacco raised in '87, 1,450,569.
Value of property State 1876, \$7,472,252.
No. of polls, white and colored, 6,477.

From the above it will be seen that the tobacco crop of the past year is short of that of '86 about 20 per cent. in the county. There are about 400 voters in the county exempt from the payment of poll tax. To the 6,477 add 400 and we have 6,877 the number of legal voters in the county.

It is related that two colored men saw and had a conversation with a headless man near a graveyard in Marion, O., one night during Christmas. All the "moonshine" and "pine top" is not drunk in Kentucky, it will be observed.

There will be a total eclipse of the moon on Saturday evening, January 28th at the time of full moon and if the weather is clear it will be a beautiful scene. The moon will rise about six o'clock in full eclipse and will not pass entirely off before nine.

Every day is a little life, and our whole life is but a day repeated. 'Tis not best to suffer pain for even one little day, when one application of Warner's Log Cabin Extract will drive it quickly away. Nothing better for external or internal application.

CIRCUIT COURT NEWS.

Below will be found the principal cases disposed of at this term of court:

W. G. Thornberry vs. G. M. Quarles. Dismissed, settled.
Jefferson Hurt vs. M. V. Russell. Judgment for plaintiff for \$50.

Sallie Moss vs. R. D. Moss and others. Dismissed, settled.
Abe Davis vs. Ben Whitlock, appealed from lower court. Judgment for plaintiff for \$50.

Robt. N. Lander, col., sworn in as an attorney to practice at this Bar.
Susan M. Gray vs. Richard Payne. Judgment in equity for sale of certain parcel of land.

C. S. Hurt granted a divorce from Mary A. Hurt, his wife.
Frank Glenn vs. Caroline Glenn. Divorce granted.

Joseph Cordier's Adm. vs. L. & N. R. R. This was a suit for damages for the \$5,000 for killing Joseph Cordier, her husband, near Mannington, about two years ago. By agreement of plaintiff and defendant judgment was rendered against the railroad company for \$750 and costs.

Blucher, Gibbs & Co. vs. L. G. Williams & Co. Judgment for plaintiff for \$20.70.

William Deering & Co. vs. J. W. Bruff. Judgment in equity for \$156.66.

Breathitt & Sittes vs. Jno. and Samantha Jordan. Judgment in equity for \$150.

Jas. Pye & Co. vs. Willie Glass. Appealed from lower court. Reversed and judgment for \$45 against defendant.

Nat. Pointexter vs. Parthenia Pointexter. Divorce granted.

Mack Johnson vs. Harry Clark. Dismissed, settled.

C. S. Chambers vs. Garnett, Williams and Holland. Appealed from lower court. Judgment for plaintiff for \$35.

Jno. D. Clardy vs. C. D. Bell and others. Judgment in equity for sale of the old Fair Ground property.

Fritz Bros. vs. City of Hopkinsville for injury to horse crippled in the city limits about six months ago. Appealed by city from lower court. Judgment for plaintiff increased from \$120 to \$150.

Owing to a large docket court will convene next week, an extension of a week having been allowed.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County, S. S.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of CHENEY'S CATARRH CURE.

F. J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., '87.

A. W. GLEASON,
Notary Public.

P. S.—Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75 Cts.

CROFTON.

CROFTON, JAN. 11.—A happy and prosperous New Year to all readers of the SOUTH KENTUCKIAN.

Miss Julia Long, who has been confined to her bed for a week of continued fever, is now convalescent.

Eq. G. H. Myers, who has been ill for several days, is up again.

Misses Lula Clark and Birdie Johnson went to Clarksville yesterday to visit Mrs. Charlie Mann.

Miss Jennie Dulin leaves to-day for Earlinton, where she will spend some time with her cousin, Mrs. E. G. McLeod.

Miss Mary Rudd, of Seven Guns, Union County, Ky., has entered the Crofton Academy.

G. E. Day and Mrs. Gertie Murphy, of Clarksville, Tenn., were united in marriage at the Belmont Hotel at Madisonville, Saturday, Jan. 7th. Mrs. Murphy is a niece of Wm. Ferrell, of this place. She has visited here for several years and has a host of friends. Mr. Day is a brother to our polite and genial railroad agent and proprietor of the Crofton Hotel, Mr. C. M. Day. May the future be as pleasant to each of them as the past has been.

Owing to circumstances over which neither party had control, we were disappointed about giving the readers of the SOUTH KENTUCKIAN the report of the brilliant wedding promised them on Dec. 25.

Buck.

The Trigg Co. Telephone has the following to say about the sale of Carulean Springs: We learn that Messrs. Harper & White, proprietors of Carulean Springs, have sold the property to Messrs. S. W. Gunn and W. C. White, who will immediately make extensive improvements to it, and will run this noted watering place in splendid style. These gentlemen are wide-awake and progressive business men, and will make Carulean one of the most attractive places in the South as a summer resort. The property has always been regarded as very valuable. Heretofore it was nearly inaccessible, being situated twenty miles from railroad transportation. The Clarksville & Princeton branch of the Louisville & Nashville railroad passes right by it, and what has always been an insurmountable obstacle to its success has been removed, and Carulean will hereafter be over-run with guests, and will become as popular as Crab Orchard or Grayson.

TOBACCO NEWS.

LOUISVILLE MARKET.

Sales on our market for the week just closed amounted to 1835 hbls with receipts for the same period of 788 hbls. Sales on our market since January 1st, amount to 1835 hbls. The market opened this week on dark tobacco, about as it closed before the holidays. The better grades of leaf are in active demand but the supply of leaf is quite abundant and there is no particular animation in this grade. The following quotations fairly represent our market for dark tobacco:

Trash \$2 50 to 3 50.
Common to medium lugs—\$3 50 to 4 50.
Good lugs—\$5 00 to 6 00.
Common to medium leaf—\$5 50 to 7 00.

Good to fine leaf—\$7 00 to 9 50.
Leaf of extra length \$10 00 to 16 00.
Good to fine Green River Fillers—\$10 00 to 18 00.

The auction sales of tobacco were resumed after the holidays without any special new features or material change from the general tenor of the market before Christmas. New crops are coming in rather sparingly and sales have been light during the week. Holders do not seem at all anxious to sell.

All Burley grades are selling fully up to prices prevailing before Christmas. Some grades and specialties are thought to be even stronger, and the opinion is freely expressed that the top has not yet been reached.

In dark tobaccos, frosted and trashy lugs are perhaps a trifle less active than in December, but the better grades, including Green River and Regie kinds are well sustained. We think there is just now more speculative feeling in these styles than in any other.

While we think it is usually good business sense to sell whenever we can get a good paying price, yet there certainly seems no reason now for farmers to rush their crops into market. Care and judgment in preparing the crop will certainly prove more profitable than a special hurry to put the crop on the market.

The indications are that farmers are preparing for a very large planting this year, but it will take more than one big crop to materially reduce prices.

H. C. Allison & Co. wound up last year's business with a sale of 130 hogheads of tobacco.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND says that a recommendation from him in favor of the repeal of the tobacco tax would be "absolutely absurd."

GENERAL NEWS.

Hon. Wm. Parsons the well-known lecturer, died in Boston, Mass., Jan. 2. Since 1839 he has spent most of his time lecturing in this country.

In the Cincinnati Southern catastrophe near Somerset, eleven persons are known to have been killed, and several others fatally wounded.

In a Kentucky court of justice: Judge—Do you find the prisoner guilty? Foreman of the Jury—Guilty. Prisoner—Hold on a minute, Judge. I simply want to state that there are fourteen gallons of apple-jack down at my place and a darn big straw stack, and— Foreman—We find the prisoner not guilty, your Honor.

EGYPTIAN FUNERALS.

Strange Performances Calculated to Astonish Visitors from Abroad.

A funeral in Egypt is indeed a strange sight, and the first one the visitor sees astonishes him very much. As the head of the procession marches a corporate body of the blind and a certain number of men, who proceed at a quick step, singing a most jubilant air, while swinging themselves from right to left. Behind them comes the funeral car, or rather a sort of bier, bearing a great red shawl, in which the body is deposited. At the extremity of the bier, on a perch, is placed the turban or the turban of the defunct. Two men carry the bier. They follow with such spirit the movement of the head of the procession that the corpse, rocked in every direction, seems to jump under the shawl that shrouds it. The women bring up the rear, some on asses, some on foot.

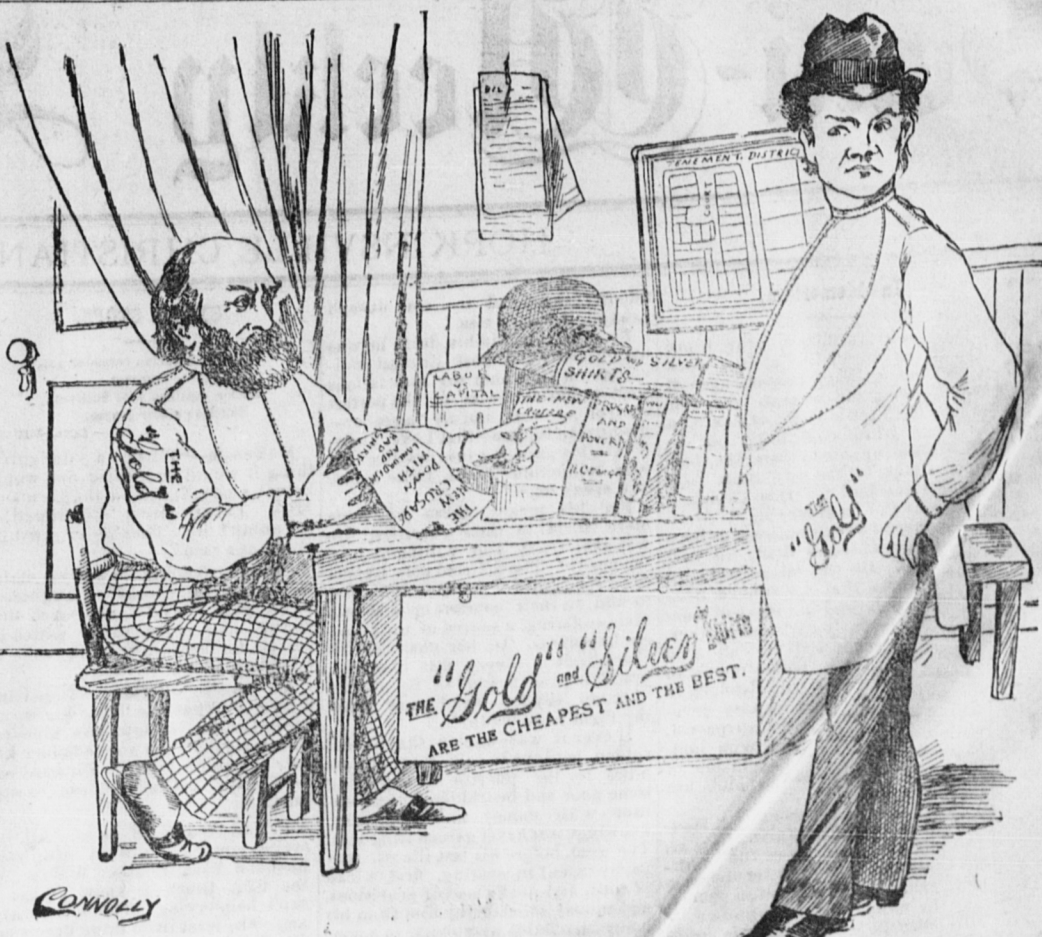
The first row is formed of weepers, or rather screamers, who send forth toward Heaven at each step the shrillest tones. The weepers hold in their hand a handkerchief, with which they are not solicitous of wiping their eyes perfectly dry, but which they pull by two ends behind their heads with a gesture that would be desperate if it were not droll.

On the arrival at the cemetery they take the dead body from the bier to cast it, such as it is, into the grave. The grand funerals, however, take place with much more solemnity. An important personage is hardly dead in Egypt, before his acquaintances and friends hurry to the house; during one or two days they eat and drink at the expense of the dead, or rather his heirs, indulging in the noisiest demonstrations.

When the hour of the interment arrives a scene of the wildest character is produced. The slaves and women of the household throw themselves on the corpse, and feign a determination to hinder it from passing the threshold. The ludicrous tragedy is played continuously; they snatch away the coffin; they belay each other with blows, and the most violent and frightful clamor is heard.

At last the procession leaves the house and repairs to the cemetery, preceded by camels loaded with victuals, which are distributed to the poor, hurrying in crowds along the road. All along the road the mourners and friends of the family fight for the honor of carrying the bier for a moment, and thus it passes or bounds from hand to hand, amid the most frightful disorder. The interment ended, every one returns to the house of the dead to remembrance festivities.—Christian at Work.

—Give the hens a variety of food. Throw them a lock of early cut hay occasionally. They seem to prefer June grass to redtop.



How Henry George converted Dr. McGil.

"Water are substantially free, but we want the earth," said McGil. "The rents by the way running expenses, would be unnecessary, tax a man could have his own garden, and poverty would be abolished."

Dr. McGil—"How can all this be arranged?"

H. G.—"That question is a chestnut. I've been asked it a hundred times (never answered it tho'). Put my theories into practice and instead of having one 'Gold' Shirt, you would have a dozen."

Dr. McGil—"By George! Henry, I'm with you." We will go to M. FRANKEL & SONS, The Old Reliable Sole Agents and Dealers in Dry Goods, Clothing and Furnishing Goods.

TO THE PEOPLE OF CHRISTIAN AND SURROUNDING COUNTIES!

We would call your attention to our Second Grand Arrangements with Large Manufacturers, Cash gets best Imported Piece Goods by Skilled Workmen. As we have a City House in Christian County, we can get goods at any price. Choice Custom Goods. We can compete with any house on prices. Having very light expenses and buying in large quantities, we can give you the benefit of Goods Cheap and we will give you the benefit of the best quality of goods.

EXCLUSIVE CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS HOUSE

In this city, we therefore keep the Best Assorted Stock. Come and see us and you will get Fine Merchant Tailors Clothing at Eastern retail prices. We bought a fine line of Miff Clothing which we will sell at Half Price. Thanking our friends for past favors.

PYE & WALTON.

2 Doors From Front of Hopkinsville.

Metcalfe Manufacturing Co., ITALIAN MARBLE

HOPKINSVILLE, KY.,
Corner 10th and R. R. Streets Near Passenger Depot.

General—Machinists—and—Manufacturers.

Manufacturers of Stationary Engines, Saw Mills and Mill Machinery.

SPECIALTIES:

PULLEYS, SHAFTING AND HANGERS.

WROUGHT IRON FENCING.

We have Reduced the PRICE of Our WIRE AND SLAT FENCE TO—
65 Cents Per Rod.
CALL—AND—EXAMINE—IT.

OUR PURIFYING PUMPS

STAND WITHOUT A RIVAL, AN INSPECTION WILL CONVINCE YOU.

Tobacco Raisers Will Save Money By Buying Our Anti-Ratchett Press. No Blocks Used. Will Prize Two Hogheads at a Time. Call and Examine This Novel Press.

MANUFACTURERS OF—
Reamy Improved Mill Feed, MONITOR—MILL—DOC.

(SEE CUT OF DOG)

Our Iron Cistern Top needs no comment. It has to be used to appreciate it. Call and examine it.

Leather, Rubber and Cloth Belting, Rubber Hose, Etc., kept in Stock.

CORN MILLS AND FLOUR MILL MACHINERY.

Repair Work, Both Iron and Wood a Specialty.

We have in Stock on our Lumber Yard all Kinds of Rough Lumber such as Boxing, Fencing, Framing Lumber and Boards. Estimates on work in our line made promptly. We guarantee our work and solicit a portion of the trade.

Respectfully,
Metcalfe Manufacturing Co.

Clarksville Marble Works, S. HODGSON.

12-6-2m.

NEWLY LOCATED

103 SOUTH MAIN
NEXT DOOR TO J. D. RUSSELL'S

COME AROUND AND GET PRICES ON OUR FRESH STOCK OF

Choice Family Groceries,

And Let Us Furnish You Your Supplies.
Chas. McKee & Co.

GUS YOUNG,

—DEALER IN—
HARDWARE, GUNS AND CUTLERY,
Pistols, Fishing Tackle,
Hunting Outfits, Iron Wagon Timbers,
Horsehoes, Sells and Ropes,
Sixth Street, opp. Planter's Bank,
Hopkinsville, - Ky.

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and Whiskey. Made at home with purest materials. Each of our specialties sent FREE. Write to GUS YOUNG, 227 South Fifth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

